Remember St Peter and St Paul

THE PARISH CHURCH OF SALTWOOD HYTHE, KENT



The church has a Norman nave, built 1100 to 1150 AD on the site of a Saxon church. The tower with a saddleback roof and the north aisle were added in 1200. In 1330 the small chancel was extended; two tall windows, the piscina and the grand east window, made with network tracery.

Considerable changes took place in the 19th century, the tower shortened and given battlements and pepperpots and a turret added to give access to the belfry. The north aisle given taller walls and windows, the boiler room and central heating were put in. The floor of the church was raised two feet and a small transept built to take the organ works.

The History Guide. Saltwood Parish Church
by Oliver G. Villiers Kent Messenger, Maidstone
Essential reference, Major Villiers did this glorious piece of detective
work in four editions 1961 to 1966

I. Reprint of Rev. H.D.Dale's VI. Archdeacon Croft, Rector

I Reprint of Rev. H.D.Dale's 1932 History and a Note on the Commissary Court of 1958 modernising the east end

II The Church Bells

III The Scratch Dial

IV Saltwood Castle, holders and owners

V Famous Rectors

1812 - 69 and VII his coats of arms in the window

VIII The Piscina

IX The Royal Coat of Arms

X The 1552 Inventory

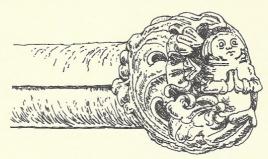
XI The Communion Plate

XII Rectors 1207 - 1954

The present altar is modern, of Sussex oak and Kent pearwood, given by Sir Kenneth and Lady Clark in 1958. At the same time, in the face of some opposition by older parishioners, the reredos behind the altar was pulled down. This was given in 1889 by the twelve children of Canon Hodgson, who was Rector of Saltwood from 1879 to 1888.

Two elephants are to be found in the church, look carefully at the two brass plates below the Knollys window of 1878, one is plain to see and the other one is quite artfully hidden.

The piscina was built around 1300 drains into consecrated ground and is used for rinsing sacred vessels. There is another, smaller one, at the south side of the altar of the Lady Chapel in the north aisle.



An angel is in the last oak leaf cluster facing the congregation, under the Knollys window. There is a companion over on the north wall by the organ.

The Croft Lights

In the left window is the coat of arms of Archdeacon James Croft, Rector of Saltwood for 57 years.

The right window bears the arms of his father in law, Charles Manners Sutton, Archbishop of Canterbury 1805 - 28, from whom many preferments flowed.

The diamond panes are dotted with keys and swords, emblems of St Peter and of St Paul, these motifs can be found all over the church.

The Saltwood Plate

The parish owns some valuable antique sacred vessels, photographs and details are in Villiers. These are on display in the Canterbury Cathedral Treasury.

Church publications. The tall desk by the porch entrance displays the Parish Magazine, Outlook and other leaflets and publications for parishioners and visitors.

This Church Guide. The money raised from the sale of the guide is to go to the Saltwood Church Property Fund.

The Knollys Window 1878 for Caroline Augusta, wife of William Knollys, Rector 1869 to 1879.

Peter escapes from prison: Acts 12. 11 and 12. 5.

The Choir is in attendance at Sunday morning services, at weddings by arrangement and at special services.

The Barrow Windows each side of the door into the nave are to: Colonel Percy Stanley Barrow CB, CMG The 19th Prince of Wales Own Hussars 1887 and Colonel Charles Lousada Thesiger Barrow DSO, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) 1893 Both are buried in the churchyard. The Window Texts above the font: The Transfiguration: St Matthew 17. 1 to 8 and The Font was made about 1500, the shield The Ascension: on the east side says Jehsu Marya, an St Luke 24, 50 to 53 invocation and expletive, an abbreviation of and St John 14. 27. Jesus, Son of Mary, the words were used on below: Joan of Arc's banner in battle. The Resurrection: St Matthew 28. 1 to 10. The font cover is Victorian.

The Congregation here is from Saltwood Church of England (Aided) Primary School, who usually come to church on Thursday mornings.

The Madonna and Child

is strangely mannered, very strong and sentimental, after the style of the spanish painter Bartholomew Murillo 1618 - 82. The frame is a splendid froth of gilded feathers.

